

FY2023 Financial Highlights

NAGASE&CO.,LTD.

Stock exchange listing : Tokyo (Prime Market) Code number : 8012

May 8, 2024



"Next" connects us to the future.

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[√] Changes to business segment classification (implemented on October 1, 2023)

[✓] Main News in FY2023

Consolidated statements income

- ▶ Gross profit increased due to strong performance of high-profit manufacturing subsidiaries; however, operating income decreased due to increases in personnel expenses and other selling, general and administrative expenses
- ▶ Net income decreased with the decrease in ordinary income, despite decreases in loss on securities and impairment loss.
- ▶ Overall, results were in line with the revised full-year projections announced at the time of the 2Q results presentation

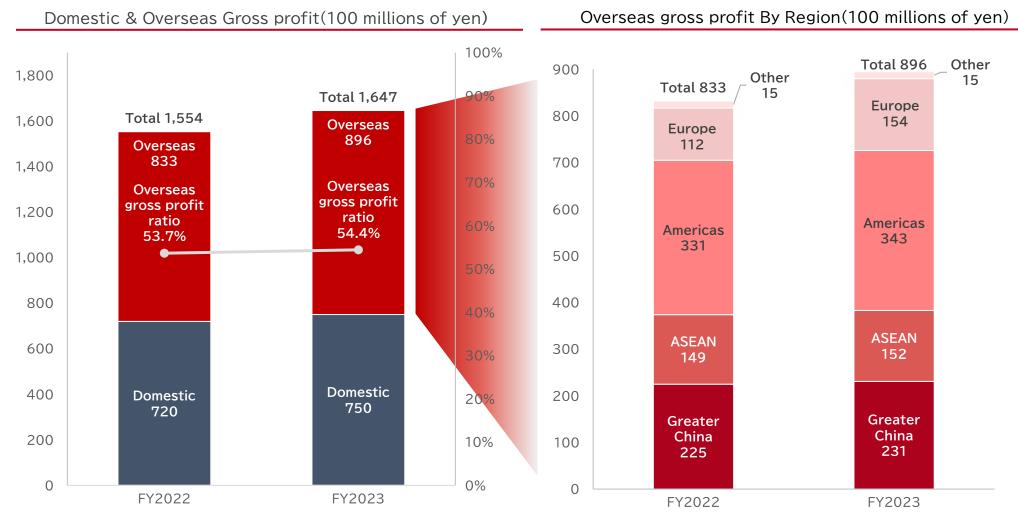
			_			Forecast
	FY2022	FY2023	Change	Vs.PY	Forecast	Comparison
Sales	9,128	9,001	(127)	99%	9,000	100%
Gross profit	1,554	1,647	93	106%	1,630	101%
<gp ratio=""></gp>	17.0%	18.3%	1.3ppt	_	18.1%	-
SG&A expenses	1,220	1,341	120	110%	1,330	-
Operating income	333	306	(27)	92%	300	102%
Ordinary income	325	305	(19)	94%	290	105%
Profit Attributable to owners of the parent	236	224	(12)	95%	225	100%
US\$ Exchange rate (period average)	@ 135.5	@ 144.6	@ 9.1	Weak yen	@ 143.0	
RMB Exchange rate (period average)	@ 19.7	@ 20.1	@ 0.4	Weak yen	@ 20.0	

^{*} Offset to sales and cost of sales from revenue recognition standards: FY2022 -¥268.9 billion, FY2023 -¥272.3 billion

^{*} Impact from foreign exchange: Gross profit, +\footnote{1}5 billion; Operating income, +\footnote{1}0.9 billion

Gross Profit By Region

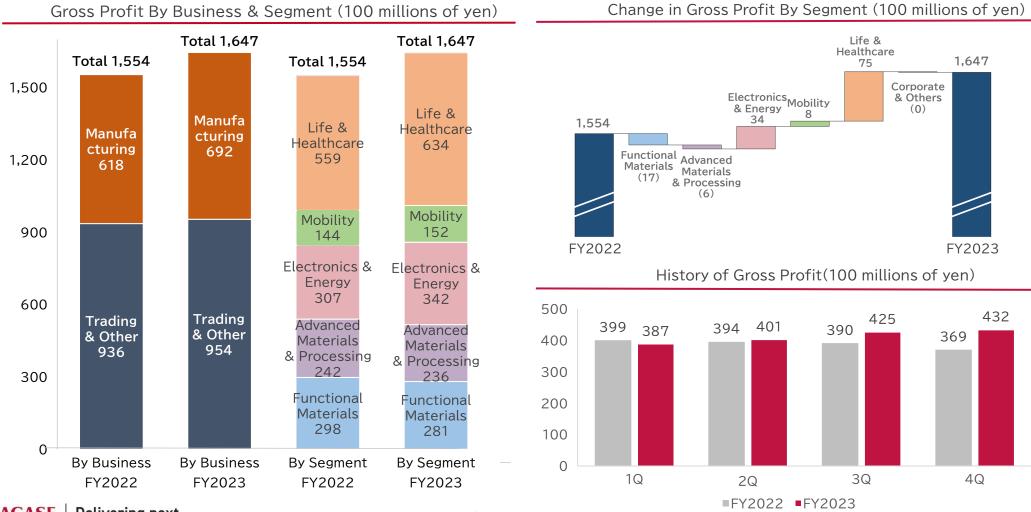
- ▶ Higher profit both domestic and overseas
- ▶ Increase in domestic business sales, mainly due to higher sales of cosmetic materials and formulated epoxy resins
- ▶ Overseas profit increased due to the impact of the weaker yen and strong performance in the food ingredient business in Europe



*Domestic figures under Domestic & Overseas Gross Profit include inter-regional adjustments

Gross Profit By Business & Segment

- Functional Materials saw a decline in sales of coating materials and raw materials for semiconductor-related and other materials for the electronics industry, as well as weakening profitability in the digital print processing materials manufacturing business
- Advanced Materials & Processing posted lower sales due to decreased demand for resin sales in the office equipment, appliance, and video game device market, as well as the impact of inventory adjustments by customers
- ▶ Overall profits in Electronics & Energy increased due to increased sales of raw materials for semiconductor-related products and formulated epoxy resins for semiconductor- and mobile device products
- ▶ In Life & Healthcare, sales of food ingredients, cosmetic ingredients, and pharmaceutical raw materials increased

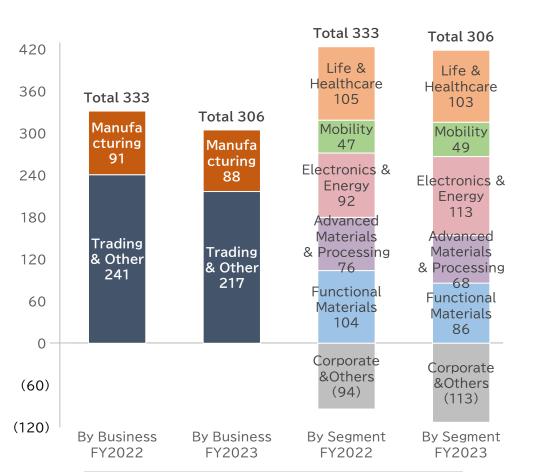


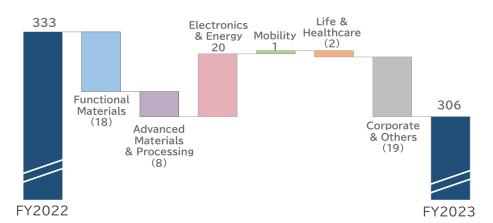
Operating Income by Business & Segment

- ▶ Functional Materials and Advanced Materials & Processing posted lower operating income due to a decrease in gross profit
- ▶ Electronics & Energy posted higher operating income with increased gross profit
- ▶ Life & Healthcare recorded higher gross profit; however, weaker profitability at the Prinova Group, increased personnel expense, other selling, general and administrative expenses, and a delay in the profit contribution of the new Utah plant caused a decrease in operating income
- Corporate & Others reflected higher expenses, mainly due to the beginning of amortization for intangible assets (enterprise system and DX investments), an increase in amortization expenses for accounting-based retirement benefit actuarial differences, and other factors

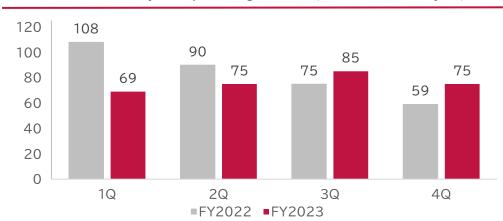


Change in Operating Income By Segment (100 millions of yen)





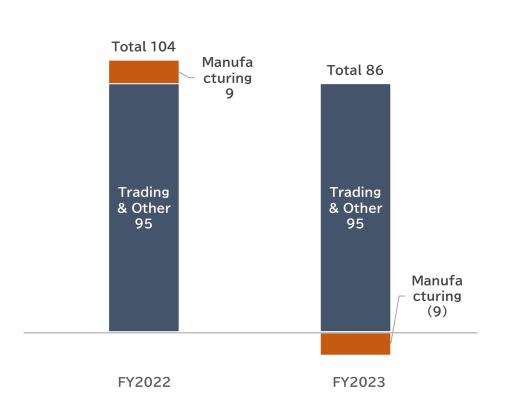
History of Operating Income (100 millions of yen)



Functional Materials Segment Operating Income Overview

- ▶ Overall sales of coating materials decreased due to sluggish sales for mainly architectural applications, despite a recovery in applications for the automobile and other industries
- ▶ Sales decreased for raw materials for the electronics industry, including semiconductor-related products
- ▶ The manufacturing business related to digital print processing materials posted lower sales and a decline in profitability, resulting in an operating loss
- ▶ Profits decreased due to customer inventory adjustments, mainly in the first half, and weak profitability in the manufacturing business

Operating income by business(100 millions of yen)

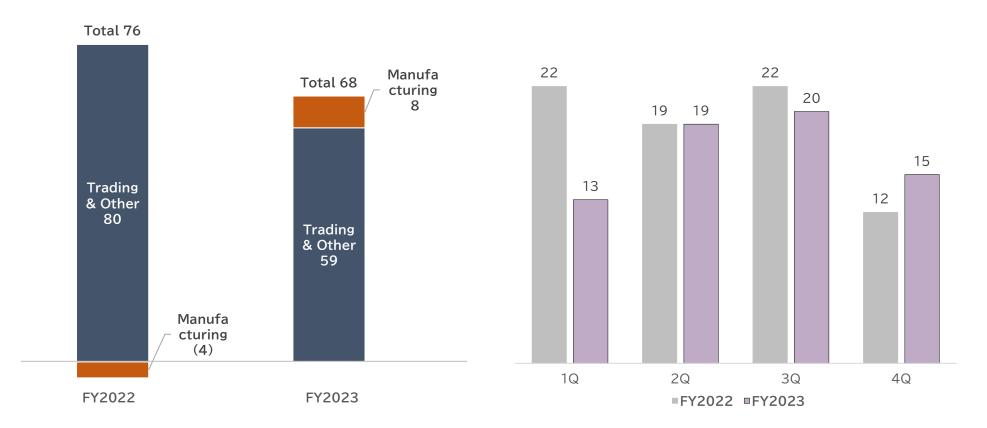




Advanced Materials & Processing Segment Operating Income Overview

- ▶ Lower profit due to decreased demand for resin sales in the office equipment, appliance, and video game device market, as well as the impact of inventory adjustments by customers
- ▶ The manufacturing business returned to profit overall due to strong sales of resin mold products, as well as a decrease in expenses compared to the previous year, when we recorded impairment losses for certain subsidiaries
- ▶ Overall, the sluggish sale of resins had significant effects and profit decreased

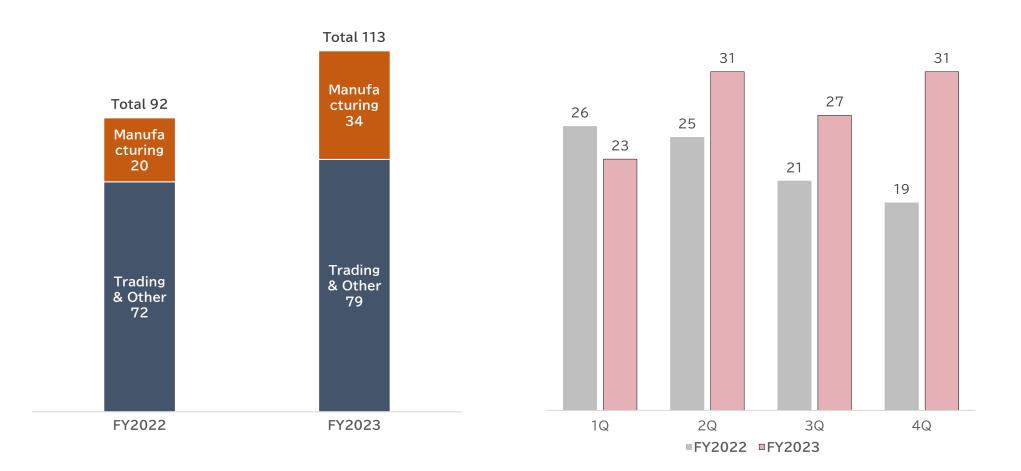
Operating income by business (100 millions of yen)



Electronics & Energy Segment Operating Income Overview

- ▶ Despite weakening semiconductor market conditions, sales of materials to the semiconductor industry increased due to growth in product sales
- ▶ Sales of formulated epoxy resins increased mainly for high-end server applications and mobile device applications
- ▶ Profit rose overall with strong sales of formulated epoxy resins

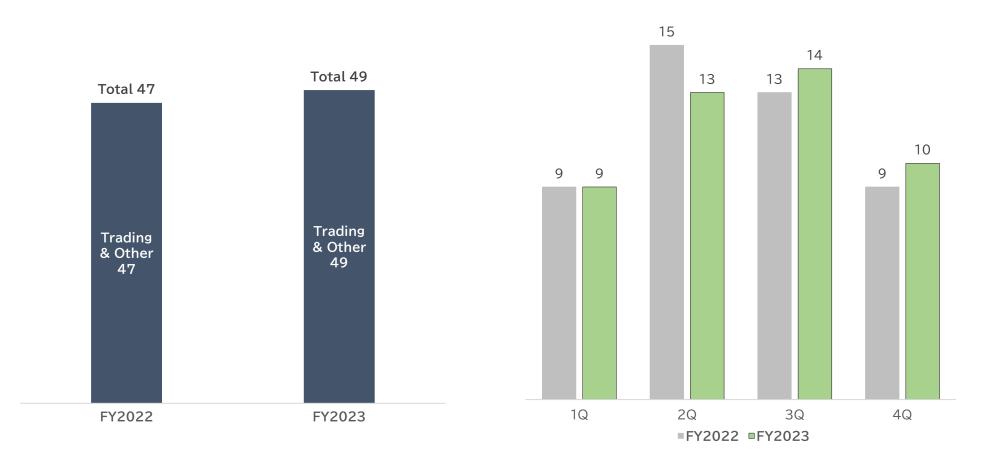
Operating income by business(100 millions of yen)



Mobility Segment Operating Income Overview

- ▶ Sales increased for resins, mainly due to an increase in automobile production and expanded market share to existing customers
- ▶ Sales increased in functional materials and functional components for interior and exterior fittings and electrification
- ▶ Higher profit due to increased gross profit

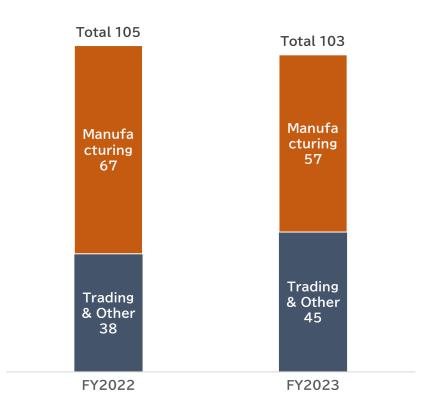
Operating income by business(100 millions of yen)

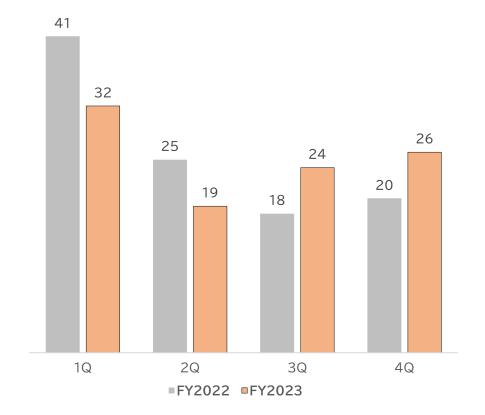


Life & Healthcare Segment Operating Income Overview

- ▶ Overall Prinova Group sales increased mainly due to operations of the new plant in Utah
- ▶ Nagase Viita (formerly Hayashibara) posted increased sales, mainly for cosmetic material
- ▶ Although we recorded higher gross profit, profits decreased due to increased personnel and other general, and administrative expenses at the Prinova Group, and a delay in the profit contribution of the new Utah plant

Operating income by business (100 millions of yen)





State of Major Manufacturing Subsidiaries

- ▶ Nagase ChemteX: Despite the transfer of the biochemicals business to Nagase Viita, profit rose due to increased sales of highly profitable formulated epoxy resins
- ▶ Nagase Viita: Profits increased due to progress made to pass on the soaring prices of raw materials and utilities, as well as strong sales of cosmetic material stemming from a recovery in demand
- ▶ Prinova Group: Despite increased sales in manufacturing, profit declined due to increased personnel and other general, and administrative expenses and a delay in the profit contribution of the new Utah plant

		FY2022	FY2023	Change	Vs.PY	Forecast	Forecast Comparison
	Sales	253	251	(2)	99%	247	101%
Nagase ChemteX Corporation	Gross profit	68	75	7	111%	77	98%
Corporation	Operating income	18	22	4	124%	24	91%
	Sales	281	344	62	122%	347	99%
Nagase Viita	Gross profit	103	126	22	122%	128	98%
Co., Ltd.	Operating income	37	52	14	137%	52	100%
(Formerly	Goodwill amortization etc.	30	30	-	100%	30	100%
Hayashibara Co.,Ltd.)	Operating income after amortization burden	7	21	14	298%	21	100%
	_						
	Sales	1,927	1,934	7	100%	1,943	100%
	Gross profit	312	358	45	115%	355	101%
	Operating income	80	60	(20)	75%	62	98%
Prinova Group	Goodwill amortization etc.	24	25	1	107%	25	100%
	Operating income after amortization burden	56	34	(21)	62%	36	96%

Consolidated Balance Sheets

- ▶ Inventory reductions progressed and working capital decreased
- ▶ Net assets increased ¥22.9 billion compared with the end of the previous fiscal year due to internal reserves, valuation difference on available-for-sale securities, and an increase in translation adjustments and accumulated other comprehensive income

	23/03	24/03	Change	Details
Total Current Assets	5,301	5,424	123	Details
(Cash&deposits)	408	594	185	
(Trade account receivbable)	3,021	3,211	190	
(Inventories)	1,697	1,479	(217)	
Total non-current assets	2,325	2,498	173	
(Investments in security)	697	762	64	
			296	
Total assets	7,626	7,923	290	
Current Liab.	2,862	3,026	164	Current portion of bonds+100 Current portion of long-term loans+58, Short-term loans/CP -163
(Trade account payable)	1,404	1,563	159	
Non-current Liab.	980	883	(97)	Deferred tax liab.+32, Lease liabilities +27, Bonds -100、Long-term loans -51
Total Liab.	3,843	3,910	67	
Shareholders' equity	3,090	3,128	37	
Accum. Other Comprehensive Income	586	812	226	Translation adjustments +144, Net unrealized holding gain on securities +48, Remeasurements of defined benefit plans +32
Non-controlling interest	107	72	(34)	
Total net assets	3,783	4,013	229	
Working capital	3,313	3,127	(186)	_
Shareholders' equity ratio	48.2%	49.7%	1.5ppt	
NET D/E ratio	0.38	0.27	(0.10)	_

Consolidated Cash Flows

- ▶ Operating CF: Net proceeds of ¥72.9 billion, mainly due to a decrease in working capital stemming from inventory reductions
- ▶ Investing CF: Net cash used of ¥11.6 billion, despite proceeds from sales of investment securities, etc., mainly due to the purchase of property, plant and equipment
- Financing CF: Net cash used of ¥48.0 billion, mainly due to a decrease in short-term loans and commercial paper, dividend payments, and share buybacks

	FY2022	FY2023
Operating CF	94	729
Investing CF	(80)	(116)
Free CF	13	613
Financing CF	(172)	(480)
Effects of exchange rate	30	55
Net increase / decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(128)	188

Depreciation of tangible and intangible assets	149	166
Fixed asset investment	(173)	(188)
Increase / decrease in working capital	(200)	330

FY2024 Earnings Projection

- ▶ We expect to increase manufacturing earnings in our semiconductor-related and food-related businesses
- ▶ We expect trading business resin sales to recover, while the automobile-related business should also see firm performance
- ▶ We expect selling, general and administrative expenses to increase overall with business growth, and other factors, even though the amortization expense of retirement benefit actuarial differences will decrease

(Retirement benefit actuarial differences: Approximately ¥0.9 billion expense in fiscal 2023 and approximately ¥3.5 billion income in fiscal 2024)

			1	00 milions of yen
	FY2023 Results	FY2024 Forecast	Change	Vs.PY
Sales	9,001	9,400	398	104%
Gross profit	1,647	1,800	152	109%
<gp ratio=""></gp>	18.3%	19.1%	0.8ppt	_
SG&A expenses	1,341	1,435	93	107%
Operating income	306	365	58	119%
Ordinary income	305	352	46	115%
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	224	280	55	125%
US\$ Exchange rate (period average)	@ 144.6	@ 148.0	@ 3.4	Weak yen
RMB Exchange rate (period average)	@ 20.1	@ 20.0	@ 0.1	Strong yen

FY2024 Earnings Projection By segment

- ▶ Beginning with fiscal 2024, we allocate Nagase non-consolidated expenses under Corporate & Others to each segment (retirement benefit actuarial differences are unallocated) *The following comments are based on Before allocation figures
- ▶ Functional Materials recorded higher sales and profit, mainly due to increased automobile-related sales and lower losses in the digital print processing materials-related manufacturing business
- Advanced Materials & Processing sales and profit rose, mainly due to increased sales of resin for office equipment and video game device applications in the electric and electronic industries
- ▶ Electronics & Energy sales and profit increased, mainly due to increased sales of Nagase ChemteX formulated epoxy resin for semiconductors used in high-end server applications
- Life & Healthcare sales and profit increased, mainly due to a recovery in Prinova Group food-ingredient profitability, which recovered from a market low point, and increased food product and cosmetic material sales at Nagase Viita

					100 milions of yen
		FY2023 Actual	FY2024 forecast	Change	Vs.PY
	Sales	1,468	1,550	81	106%
Functional Materials	Gross profit	281	306	24	109%
Functional Materials	Operating income(Before allocation)	86	105	18	122%
	Operating income(After allocation)	61	68	6	110%
	Sales	1,985	2,072	86	104%
Advanced Materials	Gross profit	236	248	11	105%
& Processing	Operating income(Before allocation)	68	77	8	113%
	Operating income (After allocation)	53	55	1	104%
	Sales	1,447	1,493	45	103%
Electronics & Energy	Gross profit	342	377	34	110%
Electronics & Energy	Operating income(Before allocation)	113	124	10	109%
	Operating income(After allocation)	88	86	(2)	97%
	Sales	1,321	1,387	65	105%
Mobility	Gross profit	152	160	7	105%
MODILITY	Operating income(Before allocation)	49	51	1	103%
	Operating income(After allocation)	36	32	(4)	89%
	Sales	2,777	2,897	119	104%
Life & Healthcare	Gross profit	634	710	75	112%
Life & Healtificare	Operating income(Before allocation)	103	125	21	121%
	Operating income(After allocation)	80	94	13	117%
	Sales	1	1	(0)	68%
Corporato & Othors	Gross profit	0	(1)	(1)	_
Corporate&Others	Operating income(Before allocation)	(113)	(117)	(3)	_
	Operating income(After allocation)	(13)	30	43	
	Sales	9,001	9,400	398	104%
Total	Gross profit	1,647	1,800	152	109%
	Operating income	306	365	58	119%

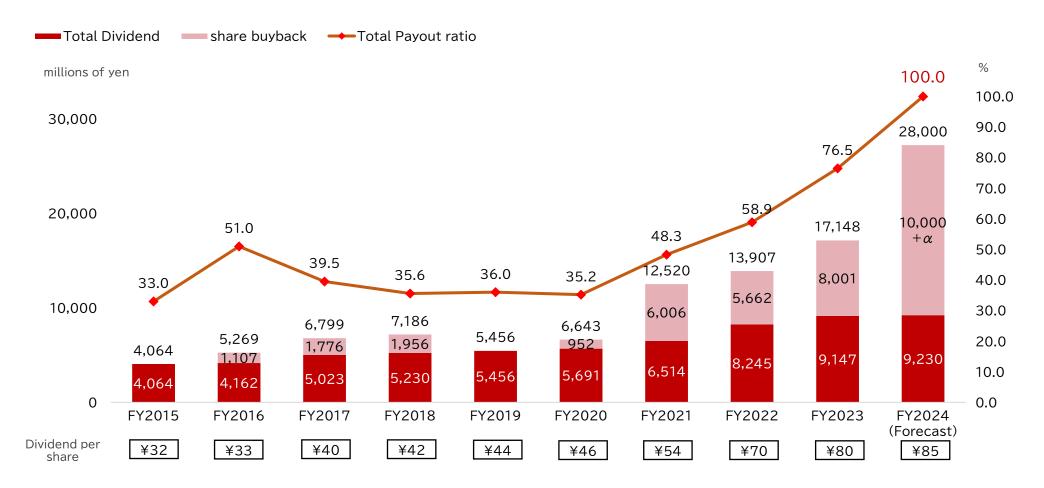
FY2024 Earnings Projection By Major Manufacturing Subsidiaries

- ▶ Nagase ChemteX: We expect higher sales and profit, mainly due to strong formulated epoxy resin-related sales for semiconductors used in high-end servers
- ▶ Nagase Viita: We expect higher sales and profit, mainly due to increased sales of food ingredients for the domestic market and higher cosmetic material sales
- ▶ Prinova Group: We expect an increase in sales and profit stemming from a recovery in profitability as the falling food ingredients market recovers from a bottom during the period and productivity at the Utah plant improves

				10	0 millions of ye
		FY2023 Actual	FY2024 Forecast	Change	Vs.PY
	Sales	251	261	10	104%
Nagase ChemteX Corporation	Gross profit	75	80	4	106%
Corporation	Operating income	22	26	4	119%
	Sales	344	369	25	107%
	Gross profit	126	140	13	111%
Nagase Viita	Operating income	52	57	5	110%
Co., Ltd.	Goodwill amortization etc.	30	29	(1)	97%
0	Operating income after amortization burden	21	27	6	128%
	Sales	1,934	2,091	156	108%
	Gross profit	358	421	63	118%
	Operating income	60	81	20	134%
Prinova Group	Goodwill amortization etc.	25	27	1	105%
	Operating income after amortization burden	34	54	19	156%

Shareholder Returns

- ▶ We plan to pay an interim dividend of ¥40 per share and a year-end dividend of ¥45 per share for an annual dividend of ¥85 per share for fiscal 2024 (expected 15th consecutive fiscal year of dividend increases)
- ▶ We changed our policy for shareholder returns compared with **ACE 2.0**, establishing a total return ratio of 100% for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 (no change in policy regarding continuing dividend increases)
- ▶ In May 2024, we resolved to conduct ¥10 billion in share buybacks (Planned Schedule: May 2024 through October 2024)



X FY2023 year-end dividend to be submitted for approval to the 109th general meeting of shareholders scheduled for June 2024.

NAGASE Delivering next.

■Inquiries:

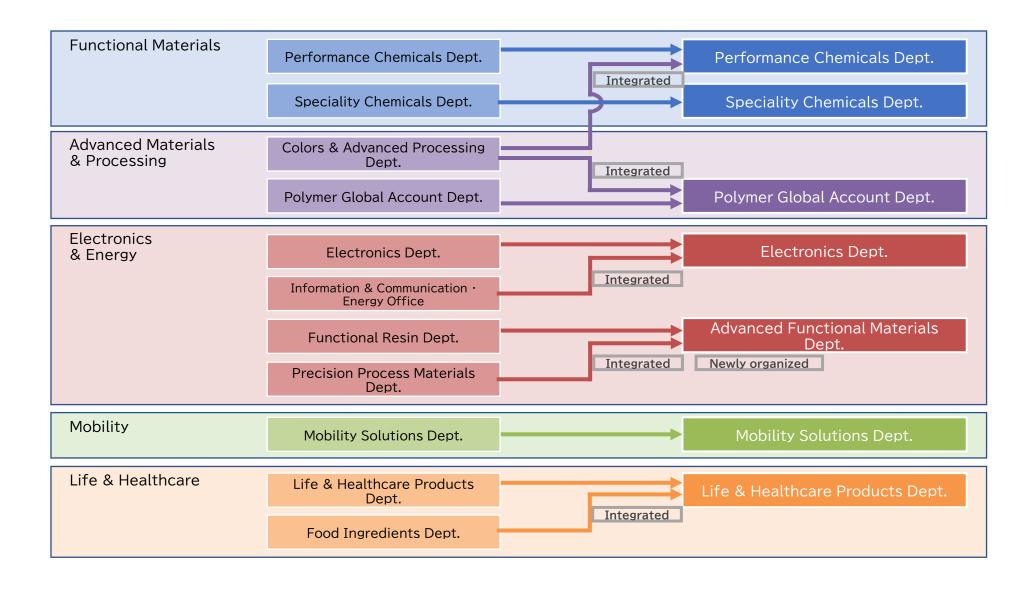
https://www.nagase.co.jp/english/contact/ir/

■NAGASE Group Investor Relations Website:

https://www.nagase.co.jp/english/ir/

These presentation materials contain projections based on forward-looking assumptions, forecasts, and plans as of May 8, 2024 Actual earnings may differ from projections due to risks and uncertainties in the future global economy, competitive landscape, currency exchange rates, etc.

Changes to business segment classification (implemented on October 1, 2023)



Main News in FY2023

Hiroyuki Ueshima named new president Apr. May Notice Regarding Repurchase of Treasury Stocks President Ueshima announced the QUICK WIN Establishment of Himeji Energy Storage Facility G.K. with Idemitsu Kosan, RENOVA, and SMFL MIRAI Aug. Partners —Grid storage Battery Business to Commence in October 2025 Oct. Launched new organization in October (consolidated 11 Dept. to 7 Dept.). Sun Delta dissolution Established CVC (investment subsidiary to be established in FY2024) Nov. Began offering AI Joint Logistics Matching Service for Chemicals Notice Regarding Revision of Director Compensation/Addition of ESG Evaluation Indicators for Performance-Linked Compensation Selected as Coordinating Company for Transportation of Materials for Rapidus Corporation Prinova Group acquired Flavor Tec, a South American essential oil distillation and processing company Commercialization of Collection and Recycling of Developer Used in Semiconductor Manufacturing Clarified growth strategy in Medium-Term Management Plan ACE2.0 New Bio Research Center To Be Built on Kobe Port Island: Accelerating Open Innovation by Combining the Group's Jan. Strengthsand Contributing to Solving Social Issues by Creating Timely New Materials Matching Needs NAGASE Receives Silver Medal in EcoVadis Sustainability Assessment Feb. Mar. Expansion of Facilities in Malaysia for Contract Processing and Manufacturing of Semiconductor Wafer Bumping Investment of 1 Billion Yen in Power Semiconductor Devices for Smartphones Nagase Viita receives EcoVadis highest Platinum rating for sustainability Nagase Chosen for Inclusion in All Six ESG Indexes Adopted by the GPIF

PICK UP! (4Q)

Evaluations From External Organizations

Nagase Viita Co., Ltd. and NAGASE & CO., LTD. Awarded Platinum and Silver, Respectively, for the First Time





Movement in the supply chain to select suppliers based on EcoVadis scores



Pursuing Further Sustainability

Listed for all six ESG indices adopted by GPIF

Morningstar Japan ex-REIT Gender Diversity Tilt Index S&P/JPX Carbon Efficient Index

FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index

FTSE Blossom Japan

MSCI Nihonkabu ESG Select Leaders Index(first time)

MSCI Japan Empowering Women Select Index

PacTech Asia Semiconductor Wafer Bumping Facility Expansion

- PacTech Overview (Pac Tech Packaging Technologies GmbH)
 - Established in 1995 (investments beginning in 2006); became a wholly owned subsidiary in 2015; 440 employees
 - Offices in Nauen, Germany (headquarters), Santa Clara, U.S.A., and Penang, Malaysia
 - Manufacture and sales of equipment for semiconductors and electronic components; semiconductor wafer bumping contract processing
- ¥1 billion investment in Penang, Malaysia (PacTech Asia Sdn. Bhd., established in 2008)
 - World's leading share in the WLP contract processing market based on core technology in wafer level package (WLP) using electroless plating; advanced control technology for chemical concentration and temperature, etc.
 - New lines began operation in April 2024, increasing production capacity by 1.5 times
 - Aiming to expand our share of the WLP contract processing market for power semiconductor applications in smartphones and electronic devices in general

